

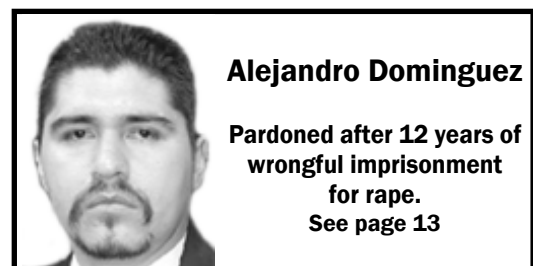
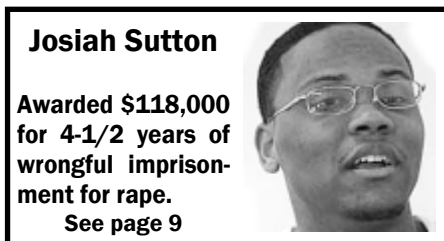
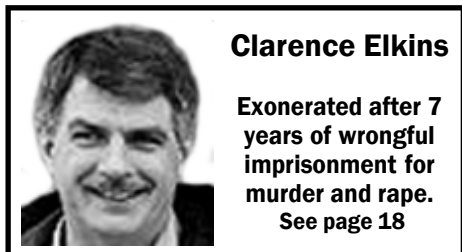
JUSTICE DENIED

\$3
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The Magazine for the
Wrongly Convicted

NORFOLK FOUR SEEK PARDONS FROM FALSE CONFESSIONS

SEE P. 6



In This Issue

Jane Dorotik's Husband Was Seen Jogging After She Allegedly Murdered Him!

Nate Lewis Awarded \$662K For Phantom Rape Of Woman "Sick of Men"!

James Love Convicted of Cincinnati Rapes When He Was In Mexico and Belize!

MI City Attempts To Conceal \$3.9 Million Award For Wrongful Rape Conviction!

Christopher Parish's Convictions Vacated -- He Was 110 Miles From Crime Scene!

Is Tony Ford On Death Row Because Of A Misidentification?

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Fall 2005**

Justice:Denied - Issue 30, Fall 2005

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Message From The Publisher

This issue completes *Justice:Denied's* seventh year. We extend a heartfelt thank you to everyone who has supported our efforts through a donation, a subscription or book order, or telling others about the magazine. *Justice:Denied* depends on that support because it is a genuine grass roots organization that doesn't receive any grants, or have a deep-pocketed financial supporter, or depend on advertising. Not being dependent on any significant outside financial sources has the downside of making *Justice:Denied* reliant on volunteers to produce. However, it has the very big upside of enabling *Justice:Denied* to have a genuinely independent editorial policy.

It is inevitable that toes will be stepped on in the course of *Justice:Denied's* reporting on cases and issues related to wrongful convictions. *Justice:Denied's* editorial independence ensures that the possible displeasure of a person or organization with the magazine's reporting is not a consideration as to whether an article will be published.

Five years ago *Justice:Denied* provided the first national exposure about the Norfolk Four's case. First-class legal teams are now aiding *pro bono* the three men who remain imprisoned because of their false confessions to rape and murder. Pardon applications filed in November 2005 present a compelling case for the men's innocence. A new 30-minute documentary about their case — *The Norfolk 4: A Miscarriage of Justice* — has also been submitted in support of their pardons. It is now up to Virginia's Governor Warner to act as a statesman and end the travesty of their imprisonment. A Norfolk Four case update is on page 6.

Hans Sherrer, Publisher
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Justice: Denied's logo represents the snake of evil and injustice climbing up on the scales of justice.



Information About *Justice:Denied*

Six issues of *Justice:Denied* magazine costs \$10 for prisoners and \$20 for all other people and organizations. Prisoners can pay with stamps and pre-stamped envelopes. A sample issue costs \$3. See order form on page 47. An information packet will be sent with requests that include a 37¢ stamp or a pre-stamped envelope. Write: Justice Denied, PO Box 68911, Seattle, WA 98168.

DO NOT SEND JUSTICE:DENIED ANY LEGAL WORK!

Justice:Denied does not and cannot give legal advice.

If you have an account of a wrongful conviction that you want to share, please read and follow the Submission Guidelines on page 46. If page 46 is missing, send a SASE or a 37¢ stamp with a request for an information packet to, Justice Denied, PO Box 68911, Seattle, WA 98168. Cases of wrongful conviction submitted in accordance with *Justice:Denied's* guidelines will be reviewed for their suitability to be published. *Justice:Denied* reserves the right to edit all submitted accounts for any reason.

Justice:Denied is published at least four times yearly. *Justice:Denied* is a trade name of The Justice Institute, a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization. If you want to financially support the important work of publicizing wrongful convictions, tax deductible contributions can be made to:

The Justice Institute
PO Box 68911
Seattle, WA 98168

Justice:Denied volunteers directly contributing to this issue:

Karyse Phillips, Editor; Katherine Oleson, Editor; Mi Ae Lipe-Butterbrodt, Graphics Enhancement; Hans Sherrer, Publisher, Terri Smith, Mailing; Katha McDonald, Mailing; Trudie Dvorak, Typing

Eighteen-year-old Sarah Jane Adams of Cincinnati filed a police report on February 11, 1996, which accused James (Jim) Love with five counts of oral rape. Love was subsequently charged with rape in an indictment that stated the crimes had occurred six, seven and eight years earlier, "Sometime in 1988 ... Sometime in 1989 ... and, Sometime in 1990." Adams' testimony at Love's June 1996 trial was that the 1988 charge had occurred, "the week after Christmas in 1988." (Trial transcript pages 710-711.) The three 1989 charges were testified to as having occurred, "at least once a month each month after the first time." (Trial transcript pages 657-658; 664.) Which would have been January, February and March 1989. Testimony concerning the 1990 charge of rape appears only once in the trial transcripts and consists of Adams stating, "I can't remember when the last time was." (Trial transcript page 668.)

Prior to his trial, Love filed a Notice of Alibi stating that he had been out of the United States during a large portion of the time period addressed in the Indictment. In three separate pretrial motions, Love's lawyers requested more specific dates and times of the five rape charges. The prosecutor repeatedly denied there were any dates available.

Man Two Thousand Miles From Alleged Rape Scene Fighting For New Trial – The James Love Story

By James F. Love



Phone Records Prove Love Was Traveling Or Outside U.S. At Time Of Alleged Rapes

It was only during Love's June 1996 trial that the above dates were given by Adams. Love, upon learning the dates of Adam's accusations,

turned to his attorneys, Tom Miller and Kevin Spiering, and told them that he was living in Mexico and Belize during those periods of 1988 and 1989. Love obtained his mother's telephone records which showed that he had made collect calls from Mexico beginning on December 1, 1988, and continuing on December 24, 1988, March 4, 1989 and May 4, 1989. Love also made a collect call from Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport to his mother on May 17, 1989. On May 20, 1989, a call was made to Mexico City, Mexico, from his mother's telephone. Starting on May 20, 1989, collect calls to his mother were made from St. Louis, Missouri; Kansas City, Kansas, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and Laredo, Texas. Collect calls were also made to his mother from Mexico City on May 30, 1989, and from Belize on June 4, 1989 and June 12, 1989.

Love introduced his United States Passport into evidence. "Entry" and "Exit" stamps show he entered the country of Belize on June 2, 1989, and exited Belize on July 3, 1989.

The prosecutor argued that there was no proof the collect calls to Love's mother from Mexico, Belize and other places had been made by Love. The prosecutor objected to introducing Love's U.S. Passport into evi-

Love continued on page 43

Clerical Error Leads To False Sex Crime Conviction

By JD Staff

Three years after being listed in Illinois' sex offender registry and having his picture posted on the Internet as a sexual deviate, Corey Eason was convicted in March 2005 of three counts of failing to notify the police in McLean County he had changed his address.

Eason was listed in the sex offender registry in 2002, after he was paroled from prison for a cocaine dealing conviction. However, he had never been accused or arrested — much less been convicted — of any sex-related offense.

In September 2005, six months after his convictions, Eason contacted a Bloomington attorney, Leann Hill, about how he could get his picture removed from Illinois' sex offender website. Hill contacted the probation office in McLean county. After looking into Eason's case, they confirmed that he had not been convicted of a sex-related offense. The probation department contacted

the Illinois State Police — who maintain the sex offender website — and they began looking into Eason's case.

The McLean County prosecutors office was also notified of the situation that Eason wasn't a sex offender, but that he had nevertheless been convicted of not registering as one. The prosecutors office initially refused to acknowledge the probation office's finding that Eason had been wrongly listed in the Illinois sex offender registry — and hence he couldn't have committed the crime of failing to report his address change.

However, after looking into Eason's case the prosecutors realized a mistake had been made. During a hearing on October 25, 2005, the prosecutors dismissed the criminal charges and the judge vacated Eason's three convictions.

The Illinois State Police opened an investigation into how Eason was erroneously listed in the sex offender registry that it maintains, based on information provided by other state agencies.

After Eason's convictions were vacated, McLeans chief felony prosecutor couldn't

explain why Eason was prosecuted, since it was evident from his criminal record available to both the prosecutors and Eason's public defender, that he had no history of any sex-related offense. The prosecutor, Mark Messman, said, "Making good charging decisions is one of the most important things we do here. It's a system run by people and mistakes can happen. Somewhere along the line, somebody should have caught this."

Eason said that being listed in Illinois' sex offender registry and being publicly branded as a sexual deviate caused him many problems:

"I'm just tired of dealing with it. It just made my life miserable. I've been through a lot over this. I've lost jobs, my house. Police harass me. Prosecutors call me child molester in open court. I couldn't even go out in public without having people thinking I'm a sex offender."

Eason plans to hire an attorney to pursue a civil suit over his ordeal. He said, "They think I'm just going to go away. No. This is just the beginning."

Source: Man Feels Good About Overturned Conviction, by Brett Nauman, *Pantagraph*, October 26, 2005.



Love cont. from page 5

dence, stating, "How do we know that is the Seal of the United States on the Passport?"

The jury ignored the evidence and convicted Love of four of the five charges of rape. Love was sentenced to four consecutive life sentences. Love's first parole hearing is scheduled in 2036. He will be 85-years-old.

Love Sends Letters Seeking Additional Proof He Wasn't In Cincinnati During The Time Of Alleged Rapes

After his imprisonment, Love began an effort to find more evidence proving he had been in Mexico, Belize or traveling from November 17, 1988 until July 20, 1989, with the exception of three days in mid-May. A driver's license was required for identification to enter and stay in Mexico. Love's driver's license was due to expire on his birthday, May 29, 1989. Love returned to Cincinnati from Mexico on May 17, 1989, to renew his Ohio driver's license. He began his drive back on May 20, 1989. Love wanted to snorkel the Great Barrier Reef off the coast of Belize in Central America. However, he needed a passport to travel to Belize. So on May 30, 1989, Love applied for and was issued a U.S. passport at the U.S. Embassy in Mexico City. Love then traveled to Belize where he spent June and part of July 1989. He stayed at a boarding house named "Mom's", and then went to Caye Caulker and rented a house for a month behind the soccer field. Caye Caulker is an island near the Great Barrier Reef. He also stayed in the Bull Frog Inn, a motel, in Belmopan, Belize, for a few days. After arriving in June 1989, Love opened a bank account at the Barnett Bank in Belmopan.

On June 18, 1996, 13 days after his trial, Love called his mother in Cincinnati and asked her to find the address book he had with him during the time he lived in Mexico and traveled to Belize. Love's mother sent him copies of the address book on June 19, 1996. He received it approximately two weeks later.

After he received his address book he began writing letters to the people he had met in Mexico, and to the U.S. Embassy in Mexico City. These included Carienne Jordan, of Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada; Yvonne Muller, of Dintiken, Switzerland, and the author of the book, *Home Ground*, who was a native of South Africa. The author of the book, Lynn Freed, had autographed the title page of the book for Love while he was in Mexico. Love did not have an address for her, but he wrote to her in care of her book's publisher, Penguin Books in New York City.

By then it had been almost ten years since Love's trips to Mexico and Belize. He didn't receive a response to any of his letters. Perhaps that was to be expected since the return address for the letters was a prison.

At that point Love started writing to various U.S. Government agencies, trying to find any records they might have regarding his trips out of the United States. Freedom of Information/Privacy Act requests were filed with the U.S. Custom's Service; Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization; the National Security Agency; the Central Intelligence Agency; the Border Patrol in Laredo, Texas; the Port Authority at Dallas International Airport; the United States Department of State, the United States Embassy in Mexico City, Mexico; and the Federal Aviation Administration (requesting passenger manifest for Delta Airlines on November 17, 1988 and May 17, 1989). He also wrote to Delta Airlines.

One after another the agencies answered, stating they had no records of Love's trips to Mexico and Belize in 1988-89. Delta Airlines responded that they only kept passenger manifests for one year, after which they destroyed them. The only agency that gave Love hope was the U.S. Department of State. That agency responded that they would attempt to locate the records of Love's application in May 1989 for a passport at the U.S. Embassy in Mexico City.

It was December 1998 and Love had not received an answer or response to any of the letters he had mailed to the people he met in Mexico. After Love expressed his frustration to his stepmother, she volunteered to mail registered letters for him if he would send the letters to her. In January 1999 she mailed those letters.

Loves Receives Responses To His Requests For Information

In January of 1999 a mailman in Switzerland was given a registered letter from Love's stepmother addressed to Yvonne Muller. The mailman had become a personal friend of Muller over the years she had lived in his city. He knew she had married a few years earlier and was now living in another city in Switzerland with her husband and children. Concerned that a registered letter from the United States might contain something important, yet knowing Muller's forwarding address had expired years ago, that mailman took it upon himself to ensure the letter was forwarded to Muller. On January 19, 1999, Yvonne Zeltner-Muller called Love's stepmother. Zeltner-Muller told her that she not only remembered meeting Love in Zihuatanejo, Mexico, on a little beach called La Ropa, but she had a picture of Love and her sitting on the beach

drinking out of a coconut. Zeltner-Muller agreed to find what records she could of her trip to Mexico and forward an affidavit to Love's attorney in Cincinnati.

Affidavit of Yvonne Zeltner-Muller (excerpts)

I was from January 2 to February 28, 1989 in Mexico living in a hotel in Zihuatanejo called Posada Citali. ... I met Jim (James Love) at the Zihuatanejo beach. He was introduced to me by a Canadian couple that used to spend the Canadian winter season in Zihuatanejo. Jim worked in a little restaurant at the end of La Ropa beach. We always used to chat a little. He was very interested in Switzerland and its culture. ...

March 26, 1999
Dintikon, Switzerland

On April 23, 1999, Zeltner-Muller's affidavit and documents arrived at the office of Cincinnati attorney Tom Miller who sent them to Kevin Spiering, Love's attorney in his federal habeas corpus petition. Zeltner-Muller's affidavit states she had been in Zihuatanejo, Mexico from January 2, 1989 until February 28, 1989, and that she and Love had been "beach buddies" during that time. She also stated she had been introduced to Jim Love "by a Canadian couple." However, she had lost her address book and could not find their address. She also sent four pictures taken on her trip to Mexico, dated as developed in April 1989. In one of the pictures she is shown sitting on a beach beside Love with them sipping from a coconut with two straws. Another picture showed the "Canadian couple," who had introduced her to Love, sitting at a table eating dinner. Zeltner-Muller supplied a receipt showing she took a Spanish class at a Spanish school, paying \$600 for the lesson. She also sent copies of her grade transcripts from the school. The school is located in Zihuatanejo, Mexico. The date of the receipts and grade transcripts are February 28, 1989.

On May 14, 1999, Love received a second letter from Zeltner-Muller. That letter stated, "Jim, I have refound my address book." The letter included the Canadian couple's names, Rex and Carienne Jordan, and their address in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

Love wrote to Rex and Carienne Jordan at the address given by Zeltner-Muller, asking for help in proving he had been in Mexico. Carienne Thompson-Jordan responded to Love's letter, stating she had received the previous letters sent by Love, but that she had been in chemotherapy treatment for cancer and had been too ill to respond. She and Rex had divorced. Over the next two years

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Love received a total of three affidavits from Thompson-Jordan. The last affidavit was taken by a law firm in Vancouver, B.C., hired by Love's new attorney, William Gallagher of Cincinnati, Ohio.

One of Thompson-Jordan affidavits states she met Love, "in the fall of 1988," in Zihuatanejo, Mexico on La Ropa beach; that she lived in an apartment next to where Love had lived on the beach; that she saw him "once every two or three days," on the beach; and that when she and her husband left Mexico in mid-May 1989, Love was still living there.

Affidavit of Cairinne Thompson (excerpts)

I was an acquaintance of James Love in Zihuatanejo, Mexico during 1988 and 1989... That in approximately September 1988 I traveled to Zihuatanejo, Mexico with my former husband Rex Jordan. ... Sometime in the fall of 1988 I met James Loe on La Ropa beach in Zihuatanejo, Mexico. James Love and I would see one another every two to three days because we frequented the same beach. ... In 1989, I introduced James Love to Yvonne Muller, a woman who was also staying Zihuatanejo, Mexico. I recall my former husband and I left Zihuatanejo, Mexico sometime in May 1989 and that when we left James Love was still there.

February 15, 2000
North Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada

In August 1999, Love's mother contacted Angela Erwin of Hurricane, West Virginia. Erwin had known Love since she was 9 years old and they had been pen pals for almost 20 years. Erwin executed an affidavit stating that Love had written her from Zihuatanejo, Mexico in December 1988, and called her from Zihuatanejo in December 1988. She later submitted by affidavit a copy of a "Day Planner" entry on March 12, 1989, in which she wrote, "Jim Love called from Mexico."

Additional Proof Unearthed Love Was Out Of The Country

In May, 2000, Love's mother found a receipt from Dr. Pamela Hanson of Cincinnati which was dated November 11, 1988. Dr. Hanson had retired and was traveling in Europe. Love's attorney located her and asked for Love's medical records. Dr. Hanson informed him the medical records were archived and would have to be found. Love's medical records, with Dr. Hanson's affidavit, were received by his attorney in

October 2000. In those medical records Dr. Hanson recorded that Love visited her on November 11, 1988, and said that Love was "leaving Sunday" for "Old Mexico," and wanted to know what immunizations he needed to travel to Mexico. The medical records show that he was administered immunizations that day. In addition, Love's medical records show he visited Dr. Hanson again nine months later, on August 14, 1989, stating he had "just returned from Mexico," and that in May of 1989 a doctor in Mexico had erroneously diagnosed him as having Herpes Simplex B. Dr. Hanson sent Love to a Dermatologist in August 1989, who diagnosed him as having contracted Scabies. The medical records reflect he was last treated for Scabies on October 14, 1989, by Dr. Hanson. Scabies is extremely contagious, yet neither Sarah Adams, nor her mother, ever mentioned contracting Scabies from Love.

In October, 2000 Love's attorney located Lynn Freed, the author who personally autographed her book, *Home Ground*, for Love while he was in Mexico. Freed, a native of South Africa, was living in San Francisco. The autograph on the title page of the book states, "For Jim Love, Good luck for your own

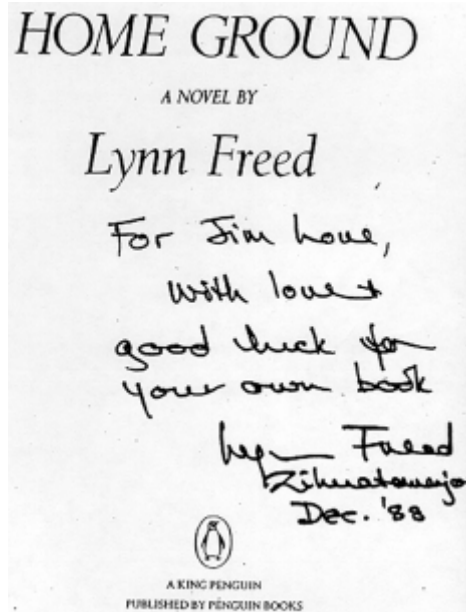


Lynn Freed, nationally known author who autographed her book *Home Ground* for James Love in Zihuatanejo, Mexico in December 1988.

(Photo, Mary S. Pitts)

book. Lynn Freed, Zihuatanejo, Dec. '88." Freed provided an affidavit attesting that the handwriting and autograph on the title page of Love's copy of *Home Ground* was her writing and signature. Freed also said she remembered autographing a book for a man on La Ropa beach in Zihuatanejo, Mexico while she was there on vacation. Freed further attested *the only* time she had ever been to Zihuatanejo, Mexico was between December 5 and December 8, 1988.

In June 2002, five years after Love filed a Freedom of Information Act/Privacy Act request in July 1997 with the U. S. Department of State, he was provided records showing that on May 30, 1989, James F. Love IV personally appeared at the United States Embassy in Mexico City, Mexico and applied for, and was issued, a United States Passport. The records show Love produced both his Ohio driver's license and his birth certificate as identification and proof of his U.S. Citizenship.



New Evidence Conclusively Proves Love's Alibi Of Being Out Of The Country

Adams testified at Love's trial that beginning the "week after Christmas in 1988," when she was 11 years old, Love did repeatedly, "at least once a month each month after the first time," perform oral sex on her. Adams testified these acts of oral sex also occurred "in the spring" of 1989." (Trial transcript Page 664.)

That is impossible. There is overwhelming evidence that from at least December 1, 1988 until May 17, 1989, and then from May 20, 1989 until July 20th, 1989, Love was not in Cincinnati, Ohio. This evidence includes:

- Affidavits by Yvonne Zeltner Muller of Switzerland, a businesswoman with three children. She spent time with Love in Mexico and provided date stamped photographs of her and other people with Love in Mexico.
- Affidavits by Carienne Thompson-Jordan of Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, a 70 year old retired school teacher. She and her husband spent time with Love in Mexico.
- Affidavit by Lynn Freed, a native of South Africa who was living in San Francisco. Freed is the nationally known author of many books, and her most recent book, *Reading, Writing, and Leaving Home: Life on the Page* was reviewed in the October 9, 2005, issue of the *New York Times Book Review*. She met Love in Mexico and personally autographed a copy of her book *Home Ground* for Love with the date inscription, "Dec. '88."
- Angela Erwin of Hurricane, West Virginia, a Social Worker and a friend of Love's since she was nine years old who corre-

Love cont. on page 45

Love continued from page 44

- sponded with Love while he was in Mexico. She also talked on the telephone with Love at least twice while he was in Mexico.
- Doctor Pamela Hanson of Cincinnati, Ohio, retired, who gave medical exams to Love prior to and after he returned from Mexico and Belize.
 - Records of the United States Department of State, including the United States Embassy in Mexico City.
 - Love's United States Passport that he applied for, and was issued, on May 30, 1989, at the U.S. Embassy in Mexico City.
 - Telephone records of collect calls to Love's mother from Mexico, Belize and various cities in the U.S. while Love traveled to and from Mexico and Belize.

Furthermore, Love's medical records provided by Dr. Hanson show that Love had, and was treated for, Scabies, from at least mid-May 1989 until October 14, 1989. At Love's 1996 trial, Barbara Neal, Sarah Adams' mother, testified his relationship with her daughter ended, "Sometime in 1989." (Trial transcript page 586.) There was no testimony that Adams had the highly contagious Scabies during that period of time – when Love did have Scabies. Adams gave no testimony as to any "rape" in 1990.

Love's case has been in constant litigation since his 1996 trial. In April 1999, when Love's federal habeas corpus petition was being considered in U.S. District Court in Cincinnati, he obtained the first affidavit from Zeltner-Muller. Love presented the new evidence supporting his alibi defense to federal Judge Weber, but his petition was denied. Love appealed to the federal Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals, and during oral arguments on June 22, 2002, Assistant Prosecuting Attorney General M. Scott Chris told the three-judge panel, "*Love's reams of evidence proving his innocence*" is not relevant in a habeas corpus proceeding. When asked by Circuit Judge Boggs what Mr. Love's "remedy at law" would be, Chris replied, "Well, he will have to start over somewhere in State court."

Love Files Motion For New Trial

Based on the newly discovered evidence, on March 11, 2003, Love's attorney filed a "Motion for Leave to File a Motion for New Trial" in the Hamilton County Court of Common Pleas. The Hamilton County Prosecutor's Office did not oppose the motion, which Judge Charles J. Kubicki granted in October 2003. Judge Kubicki held a hearing on November 17, 2004, and November 22, 2004.

On February 4, 2005, Judge Kubicki issued an Order denying Love's new trial motion.

Kubicki refers to Adams trial testimony as "vague" about when the alleged rapes occurred, when she had in fact pinpointed them to identifiable periods of time. He also casually described as "some affidavits and documents," Love's new evidence proving he was traveling and out of the country during the periods of time Adams alleged the rapes occurred. Kubicki also held the new evidence was cumulative of the telephone records and passport introduced as alibi evidence at Love's trial. Yet the new evidence specifically answers the prosecution's argument during Love's trial that the telephone records do not in and of themselves provide evidence that Love was the person making the collect calls from cities around the U.S., and from Mexico and Belize. Kubicki also defied logic by ruling Love's many years long effort to locate the new evidence from this and other countries did not constitute "due diligence." The judge's final inexplicable finding was that in spite of the compelling new documentary evidence that Love was not in Cincinnati, and as far away as 2,000 miles in Mexico when the alleged rapes occurred, there is not a "strong probability that it will change the results if a new trial is granted."

Why didn't Kubicki think the new evidence of Love's *factual innocence* would change the outcome of a new trial? Because after his first trial "the jury believed the victim's testimony that Defendant committed the offenses against her." Kubicki's rationale doesn't appear reasonable, since it doesn't allow for any defendant accused by an alleged victim to be granted a new trial, because every one of them had been convicted by a jury that "... believed the victim's testimony.." (All quotes in this paragraph from, *State v Love*, Court of Common Pleas, Hamilton County, Ohio, No. B-9601201, Entry Denying Defendants Motion For New Trial, February 4, 2005.)

Love appealed Kubicki's ruling to Ohio's First District Court of Appeals. As of mid-December 2005 that court has not issued a decision.

New Evidence Proves Love's Actual Innocence

All the evidence needed to prove Love's innocence has been found. The state of Ohio continues its opposition to a new trial, even though Asst. P.A. Chris inferred Love's innocence is known, when during the June 2002 oral arguments in the federal Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals he referred to "Love's reams of evidence proving his innocence."

What Love needs at this time is public support and media attention to his case. Every court opinion in his case is unpublished and hidden away from public scrutiny. Love's case is enveloped in silence, and that is the state's greatest advantage in their continued imprisonment of an innocent man.

Information about Love's case, including the affidavits referred to in this article, are on Love's website produced by the Innocent Inmate's Association of Ohio at, <http://www.innocentinmates.org/love/frontline>. Information about Love's case is also at, <http://www.prisonerlife.com>.

After so many years of fighting his case and searching for witnesses on three separate continents, Love is now indigent. Letters of support or suggestions about how Love can proceed in his effort to obtain justice are welcome, and can be sent to:
James Love 329-475
Lebanon Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 56
Lebanon, OH 45036

James Love's outside contact is:
William R. Gallagher, Esq.
The Citadel
114 East 8th Street
Cincinnati, OH 45202

Telephone: (513) 651-5666
(No collect calls without prior permission.)



In October 1994, with no physical evidence, no witnesses to the crime and no murder weapon, a Madison, Wisconsin jury convicted Penny Brummer of first-degree murder in the death of Sarah Gonstead.

But did Brummer do it? Or was she herself a victim of overzealous prosecutors, tunnel-vision investigators, contradictory forensic scientists and a prejudiced judge?

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