

Johnson cont. from p. 13

(2) Jack Johnson was wronged by a racially motivated conviction prompted by his success in the boxing ring and his relationships with White women;

(3) the criminal conviction of Jack Johnson unjustly ruined his career and destroyed his reputation; and

(4) the President should grant a posthumous pardon to Jack Johnson to expunge from the annals of American criminal justice a racially motivated abuse of the prosecutorial authority of the Federal Government, and to recognize Jack Johnson's athletic and cultural contributions to society.

The U.S. Senate did not pass a pardon Resolution as it did in 2004, so a joint House and Senate Resolution was not forwarded to President Bush prior to him leaving office in January 2009.

In March 2013 Senator McCain and Representative King tried again by respectively introducing resolutions in the Senate and the House of Representatives calling for the

pardoning of Johnson. Democratic Senator Harry Reid joined McCain in supporting the resolution. [6] The resolution passed in the Senate, but not the House, and President Obama did not act to pardon Johnson.

Then again, in February 2015 Senators McCain and Reid and Representative King introduced resolutions in the Senate and House in support of Johnson's pardon.[7] As of late June 2016 those resolutions have not passed, and President Obama has not acted.

Endnotes:

1. \$30,000 in 1908 was the equivalent of \$4,036,830 in 2007 using the nominal GDP per capita method of calculating inflation, according to the Measuringworth website, <http://www.measuringworth.com/uscompare> (last visited on September 30, 2008).
2. The boxer's Jeffries fought in title fights weren't chumps. At the time of his 11 title fights the cumulative record of his opponents was 229-32-39.
3. \$100,000 in 1910 was the equivalent of \$12,636,879.40 in 2007 using the nominal GDP per capita method of calculating inflation, according to the Measuringworth website, <http://www.measuringworth.com/uscompare> (last visited on September 30, 2008).
4. "Petition for the Posthumous Pardon of the Former Heavyweight Boxing Champion Jack Johnson,"
5. Pardon sought for 1908 black boxing champ, *The Seattle Times*, July 14, 2004
6. Like Bush, Obama rebuffs pardon for boxing great

Jack Johnson, *McClatchy Newspapers*, March 11, 2013
7. Reid, McCain again seek pardon of boxer Jack Johnson, *Reno Gazette Journal*, February 26, 2015

Sources:

"Jack Johnson," Enshrinee, International Boxing Hall of Fame website.

"Pardon sought for 1908 black boxing champ," *The Seattle Times*, July 14, 2004.

"Petition for the Posthumous Pardon of the Former Heavyweight Boxing Champion Jack Johnson," Filed with U.S. Department of Justice, July 13, 2004.



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3rd Revised and Updated Edition of "Kirstin Blaise Lobato's Unreasonable Conviction" Now Online!

The third revised and updated edition of [Kirstin Blaise Lobato's Unreasonable Conviction](http://www.justicedenied.org/kbl.htm) — *Possibility of Guilt Replaces Proof Beyond A Reasonable Doubt*, has just been published! The book is available in PDF format to be read or downloaded at no charge for personal use from [Justice Denied's](http://www.justicedenied.org) website.*

More than 61,000 copies of the second edition of *Kirstin Blaise Lobato's Unreasonable Conviction* were downloaded from Justice Denied's website until it was replaced on Feb. 10 with the third edition.

The book details how Kirstin Lobato has twice been convicted of a July 8, 2001 Las Vegas homicide when the prosecution doesn't deny it has no physical, forensic, eyewitness, confession, informant, surveillance video or documentary evidence she was in Las Vegas at any time on the day of the crime. The prosecution also concedes she was at her home 165 miles from Las Vegas at the time new forensic entomology and forensic pathology evidence conclusive-

ly proves the man died between 8 p.m. and 10 p.m. The book also details that in 2001 the 18-year-old Ms. Lobato was prosecuted even though the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department and the Clark County District Attorney's Office obtained evidence three days after her arrest she is innocent.

The 3rd revised edition has 57 pages of new information, that includes:

- * An updated Timeline of Ms. Lobato's case from 2001 to the present, that begins on p. 10.
- * Six new sub-chapters in the Appendix that begin on page 150. Those include a Power Point presentation of Ms. Lobato's case and the new evidence in her habeas corpus petition currently under review by the Nevada Supreme Court. Ms. Lobato's petition includes new evidence her jury didn't hear by more than two dozen expert, alibi, and third-party culprit witnesses that supports her actual innocence.

The 232-page book written by *Justice Denied's* editor and publisher Hans Sherrer is supported by 427 source endnotes. In documents filed in the Nevada Supreme Court, the Clark County District Attorney's Office and the State of Nevada don't assert there is a single factual error in the book.

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KIRSTIN BLAISE LOBATO'S UNREASONABLE CONVICTION

Possibility Of Guilt Replaces Proof Beyond A Reasonable Doubt



Kirstin Blaise Lobato's Unreasonable Conviction in PDF format from www.justicedenied.org/kbl.htm.

Justice Denied's webpage with information about the Kirstin Lobato case is www.justicedenied.org/kbl.htm.

Kirstin Lobato's website with extensive information about her case is www.justice4kirstin.com.

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